POYNTON HIGH SCHOOL SIXTH FORM WELCOME TO THE HIGHER EDUCATION EVENING

Richard Hardman, Lorna Webb & David Moyle

 How we prepare our students for entry into Higher Education

How parents can help

• What are the alternatives?



General Introduction and overview



Richard Hardman

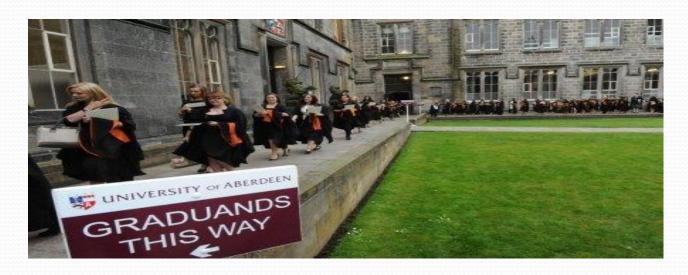


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The UCAS Pathway

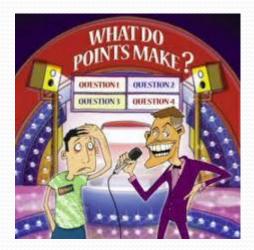
- Information on How University applications work
- Recent changes
- Updates on how this is affected by A level reforms



UCAS and POINTS/GRADES NEEDED

- UCAS = Universities and Colleges Admissions Service
- Students generally apply for 5 places
- Offers are given on grades or points. Check the Entry Requirement detail, make sure you are clear on HOW the points are made up (i.e. How much must come from A2 study). Note that AS points are only counted separately if the subject is not continued.
- Grade A*=56
 Grade A = 48
 Grade B=40
 Grade C= 32
 Grade D= 24
 Grade E= 16

 AS=20
 AS=16
 AS=16
 AS=6
- BTEC Award
 D*D* = 112
 D*D = 104
 DD = 96
 DM = 80
 MM = 64
 MP = 48
 PP = 32



WHAT DO WE MEAN BY HIGHER EDUCATION?

- There are all sorts of different institutions:
- Campus or City
- Collegiate or not



- Foundation Courses (Pre-degree level)
- Grade offers or points offers

THE ADVICE WE GIVE TO STUDENTS

- Research should have now begun (2017 prospectuses and websites). Many Universities start their Open Days in the Summer Term
- Choose the course carefully. Consider:
 - Course content
 - Grades or points required



'Sandwich' course/opportunities to go abroad

Length of Course3, 4 or 5 years

•How is it assessed?

Continuous assessment

Examinations at end of year

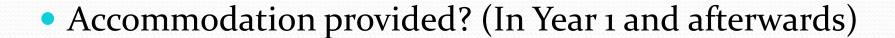
A mixture of the two





CHOOSE THE INSTITUTION CAREFULLY

- Campus/ City/ Collegiate?
- Proximity or distance from home?



Catered or Self-catered?

Size? Manchester 36,000 students
 York 11,000 students

AND FINALLY.....

- AIM HIGH but.....
- Be realistic about your grades
- Consult with Subject Tutors





OPPORTUNITIES FOR STUDENTS AT 18+

- Higher Education
- Apprenticeships
- Employment



(Info to follow on this from Miss Webb)



CLASS OF 2015 DESTINATIONS

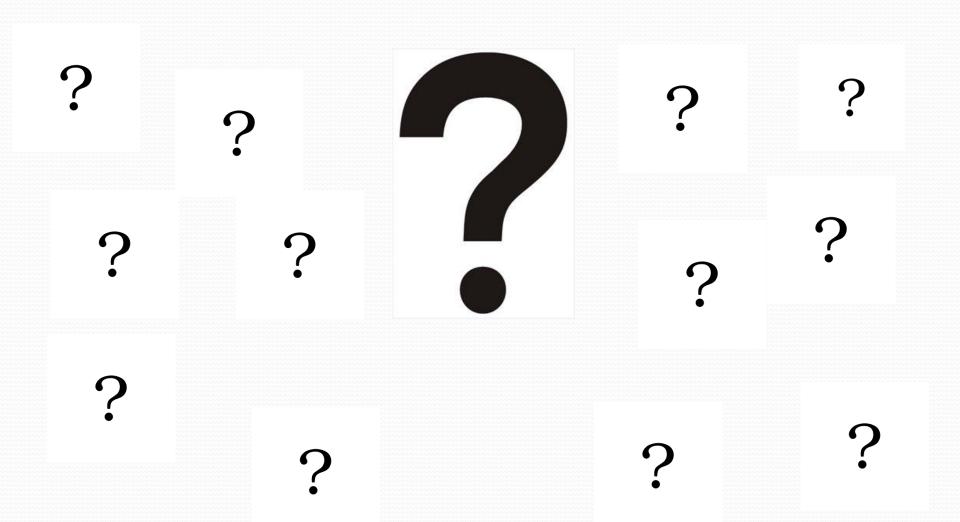
- Further and Higher Education 77% of the year (131 applications) (45% Russell Group and 93.3% placed)
 2 students accepted to Oxbridge
- GAP Year 4%
- Employment/Apprenticeship- 19%



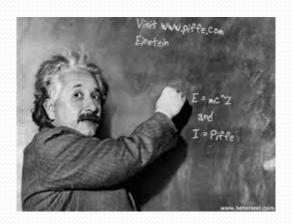
WHAT RESOURCES ARE AVAILABLE?

UCAS Website www.ucas.com	Register as a parent for updates and info
Individual HEI websites	UCAS Admissions Criteria Profiles
Prospectuses	Open Days
Employ programme	Careers Advisor in School

Any Questions



How the UCAS application process works



THE APPLICATION PROCESS

- Make choices of institutions and courses-five for 2017 entry
- Submit application online. PHS deadline: 28th November 2016
- Oxbridge/Medicine/Dentistry/Veterinary deadline:
 PHS Deadline 30th September 2016
- Institutions either make offer or reject. Some universities will make offers as they receive applications, some will wait until after the deadline
- UCAS Extra March 2017 for anyone who either holds no offers or who has rejected ALL offers for whatever reason.
- By April/May 2017, accept 2 offers- 1 firm, 1 insurance
- 17th August 2017 Results, Adjustment and Clearing

UCAS

- Recruits for over 300 institutions
- Around 700,000 applicants



- A very large organisation with complex applications process
- Procedures to be followed for UCAS and PHS



UCAS APPLY

- Online applications through UCAS website
- Up-to-date information about courses
- Students work on applications in or out of school
- Parents can help or supervise!
- Flexibility- work saved and returned to later



THE PERSONAL STATEMENT

- Word-processed, prepared off-line in Verdana font
- Cut and paste on to application form after review by Personal Tutor and Sixth Form Team link
- 47 lines of text available 4000 characters
- Often this will be your only contact with Admissions Tutors as many universities do not interview prospective students
- Must be high quality- standard of English and grammar!





WHAT TO INCLUDE IN PERSONAL STATEMENT

Personal Statement

details are outlined in my CV)

- Why chosen course?
- What interests student about subject
- Relevant experience, skills developed
- Career plans
- 75%-25% ratio of academic to personal
- Employment- skills developed
- Sports, musical, leisure interests to demonstrate relevant skills
- Plans for GAP Year
- Special circumstances Admissions Tutors should be aware of

THE SCHOOL REFERENCE

- Compiled by Form Tutor and checked by Sixth Form Team link
- Uses information from Subject Tutor (given on Subject Reference Form) and student
- Academic achievement and potential
- Suitability for chosen course
- Personal qualities
- Involvement in activities inside and outside school

References

Estimated grades

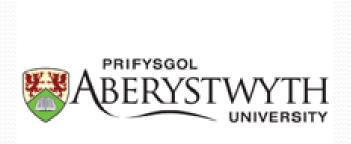
HOW CAN PARENTS HELP?

- Offer support at each stage of the process
- Encourage an early application
- Check Personal Statement for spelling and grammar
- Coffee/Tea, Sympathy and TLC!



Student Finance Tonight's Speaker

David Moyle Aberystwyth University



Introduction to Higher Education & Student Finance



THREE STEPS TO APPLYING

is sorted

 explore your options decide on a subject search for courses · check entry requirements choosing courses step2 applying make sure your finance www.ucas.com GO buy course materials step3 check social options and get ready to go! · apply online · wait to hear back starting from course providers · reply to any offers your you get · see if you meet the course conditions and get accepted



IN THE UK THERE ARE...

Over 300 Higher Education Institutions





True or False Degrees?



Motorsport Management



Computer Hacking



Car Park Management



True or False Degrees?



Folk & Traditional Music



Fire Safety Engineering



Sports Surface Management



Employment Opportunities

- Employers want well qualified people
- Increasing number of "Graduate Only Jobs"
- Greater variety of employment opportunities
- Graduate premium



Personal Development

Your time at Uni or College will increase:

- Confidence
- Independence
- Self awareness
- Communication skills
- Problem solving & analytical skills
- Ability to work independently and within a team



Expanding Horizons

- Independence
- Meet loads of people and make new friends
- Experience new things (sports, travel etc)
- Take advantage of being a 'student'



Student Finance





What will you spend your money on?

- Tuition Fees
- Accommodation
- Food
- Socialising
- Personal essentials
- Academic Costs
- Other Costs





How much will my tuition fees cost?





- Since 2012 higher education institutions in the UK have been able to charge tuition fees of up to £9,000.
- Undergraduate students will **not** have to find the cost of their fees before or whilst they are studying.
- A Student Loan for Fees is available.
- The loan becomes repayable following completion of your degree.
- Loan repayments begin when a graduate is earning over £21,000.
- Any remaining loan will be written off after 30 years.



What additional financial support is available?





2016 Loan for Living Costs

<u>Living Arrangements</u>	<u>Maximum Loan</u>	<u>Minimum Loan</u>
Living with your parents	£6,904	£3,039
Living away from home (in London)	£10,702	£5,330
Living away from home (outside of London)	£8,200	£3,821



Additional Sources:

- Childcare Grant
- Adult Dependants' Grant
- University scholarships and bursaries





Loan Repayments

Annual Income	Amount of salary from which 9% will be deducted	Monthly repayment
£25,000	£4,000	£30.00
£30,000	£9,000	£67.50
£35,000	£14,000	£105.00
£40,000	£19,000	£142.50
£45,000	£24,000	£180.00
£50,000	£29,000	£217.50
£55,000	£34,000	£255.00
£60,000	£39,000	£292.50



Accommodation

Halls of Residence – Catered or Self-Catered

- Are you any good at cooking?
- What type of room? (single, sharing, en suite)
- What's nearby? (computers, bars, launderette etc)

Private Accommodation

- Lists available from the University
- Electric bills, gas, water rates





Given all the different costs, how do I go about budgeting?





Where does the money come from?

- Loans
- Part-time Employment
- Student Bank Accounts
- Scholarships, Bursaries etc
- A Year Out/Gap Year



The Budget Planner

Item Income

Student Loan for Fees Student Loan for Maintenance Grant, Bursary, Scholarships etc Part-Time Employment

Item

Rent/Fees Bills Transport Food Clothes Social Life

Outgoing



Miss Webb

Alternate Pathways



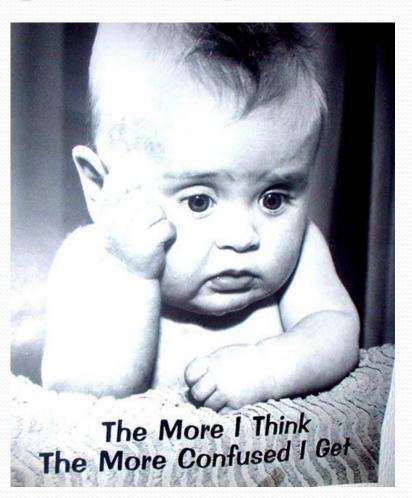
Other options for students after A levels....

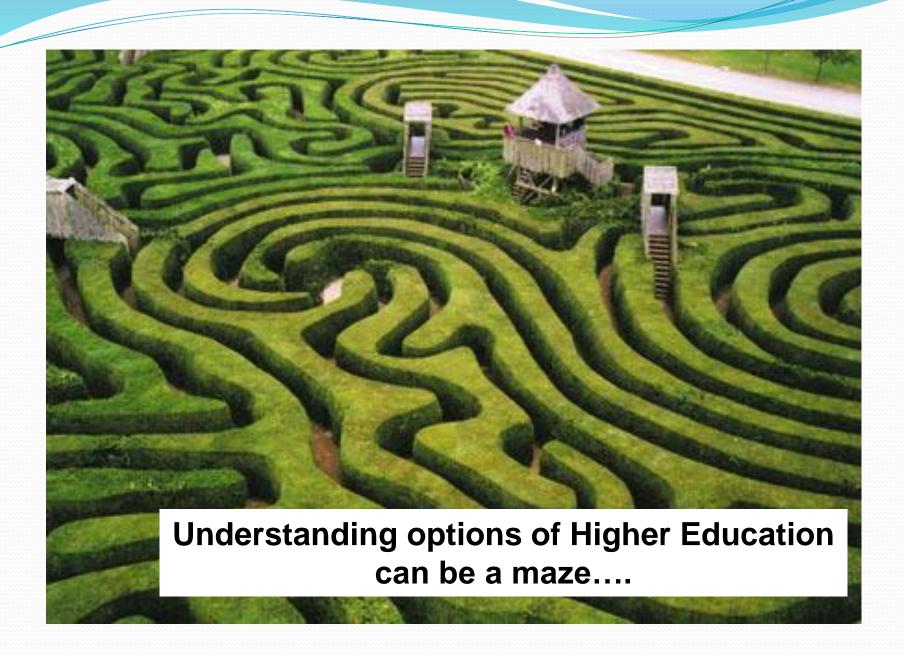


This can be a time of confusion for your sons and daughters. With the changing society we live in it is essential to have all the options and information to hand in order to make informed decisions.

Is Higher Education right for my child?

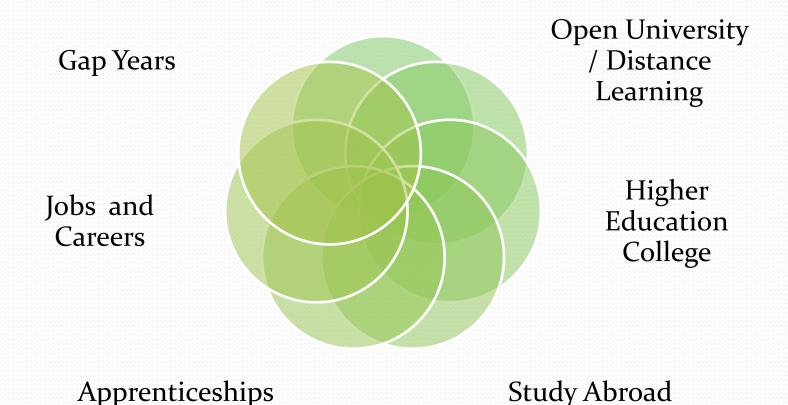
- Do they like studying?
- Do they find A levels easy or difficult?
- Do they know what they want to study and where?
- Why do they want to go into Higher Education?
- Are they looking for a job or a career?
- Will they make the most of the financial outlay?
- Will they complete the course?





What other options are there?

University



Is Open University / Distance Learning a good option for my child?

Pros ons Lack of university experience Can study from home. and integration. Limits financial burden of Still a financial implication for student housing. tuition fees and course costs. Gain a degree, or diploma Needs student to be in a wide variety of independently motivated to work on their chosen course. subjects. Can take longer to complete Open University financial full course dependent upon the assessments are different pace with which modules are to studying at university. completed. Courses and modules are flexible in order to fit the

students own needs.

Would further study at a Further or Higher Education College benefit my child?

<u>Pros</u>	<u>Cons</u>
 Opportunity to access 	 Could be working with
more vocational courses	younger students.
or foundation degrees.	• Places can still be limited.
 Can be more accessible for 	 Some of the courses may
students who found A	not challenge all students.
levels challenging.	 Still has a financial
 Can lead to further 	implication.
qualifications.	 Some students would
 Potential to be local. 	need to collect a number
 Financial implications 	of qualifications (this has
can potentially be lower	a time implication on the
the University.	student.)

Why should my child Study abroad?

	_
<u>Pros</u>	<u>Cons</u>
 Access to a variety of courses. Worldwide strengths of courses. Competitive edge in the employment market. Tuition fees can be less than the UK. Improve language skills. Recognition of international qualifications is currently being standardised on first 	 Distance. Financial commitment can be high (air fares, visas, cost of living etc.) Research required (at least 12 months in advance) i.e. now. Students must check qualifications can be transferred and recognised in the UK or country they wish to work in.
degrees.	

Would an **Apprenticeship** suit my child?

 Earn a Salary. Receive training. Gain Qualifications. Can qualify up to degree level in a specific career. Learn skills to be used in the work place. Paid holidays. Anyone over 16 can apply. Minimum pay £2.50 per hour. Need to make sure the Apprenticeship is valid. Growing competition especially in niche markets. Needs student to be proactive in researching and applying for the Apprenticeship. 		
 Receive training. Gain Qualifications. Can qualify up to degree level in a specific career. Learn skills to be used in the work place. Paid holidays. Anyone over 16 can apply. hour. Need to make sure the Apprenticeship is valid. Growing competition especially in niche markets. Needs student to be proactive in researching and applying for the 	<u>Pros</u>	<u>Cons</u>
	 Receive training. Gain Qualifications. Can qualify up to degree level in a specific career. Learn skills to be used in the work place. Paid holidays. 	 hour. Need to make sure the Apprenticeship is valid. Growing competition especially in niche markets. Needs student to be proactive in researching and applying for the

Should my child get a Job or Career now?

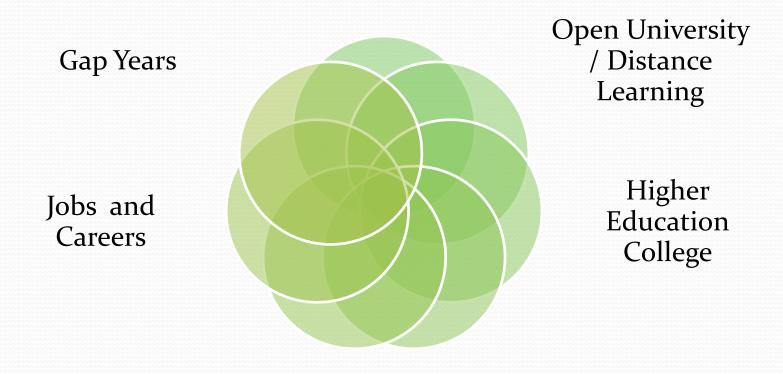
Pros Earning their own money. Difficult economic Developing work skills. climate for 18-26 year olds Developing confidence, in the job market. organisation, maturity Needs drive from student and reliability. to find and apply for job. Developing financial Do they know what they want to do? awareness and management skills. Are their expectations of jobs, careers, Can open opportunities to future training and/or qualification levels and wages realistic. funded training. Do they want a job or a career?

My child wants to go on a Gap Year is it worth it?

<u>Pros</u>	<u>Cons</u>
 Gain New Skills. Time to consider future options. Exposure to new cultures. Develop maturity Develop self reliance Meet new people. Can develop financial responsibility if they find the funding themselves. 	 Can be costly (for them and/or you.) Needs student to be focused and organised or it can be misused. Needs planning and organisation. Needs clear aims before setting off.

What other options are there?

University

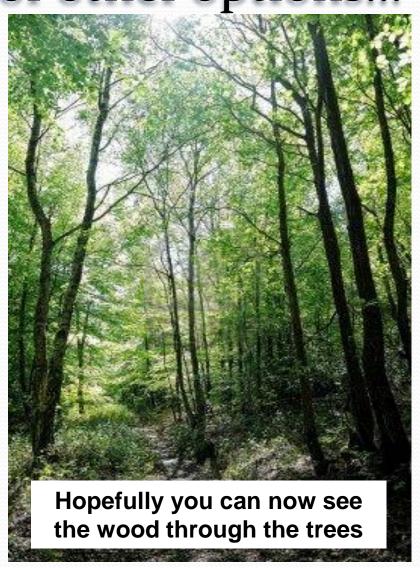


Study Abroad

Apprenticeships

A whistle-stop tour of other options...

- Students have access to:
 - Miss Webb (Head of Careers)
 - The Sixth Form Team.
 - Mrs Rowe (Careers Advisor)
 - The Careers Library/ Computer programmes.
 - You.
- If you or your children have any questions or concerns please access www.phs.cheshire.sch.uk (Careers department) or lmw@phs.cheshire.sch.uk to contact me.







GOOD LUCK!



